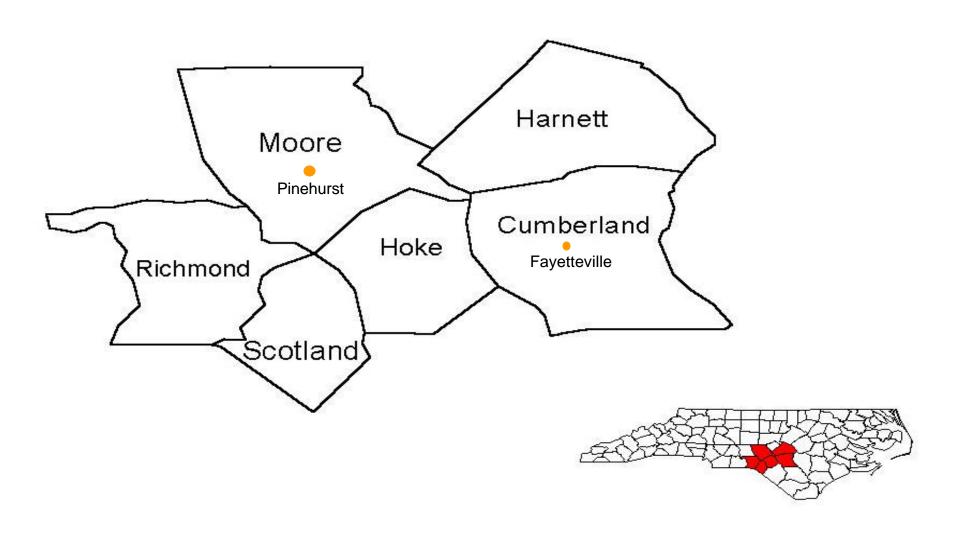




US Fish and Wildlife Service

North Carolina Sandhills Private Lands Initiative

North Carolina Sandhills





Endangered Species in NC Sandhills

u Red-cockaded Woodpecker

u Rough-leafed loosestrife

u Michaux's sumac

u American chaffseed

u St. Francis satyr *

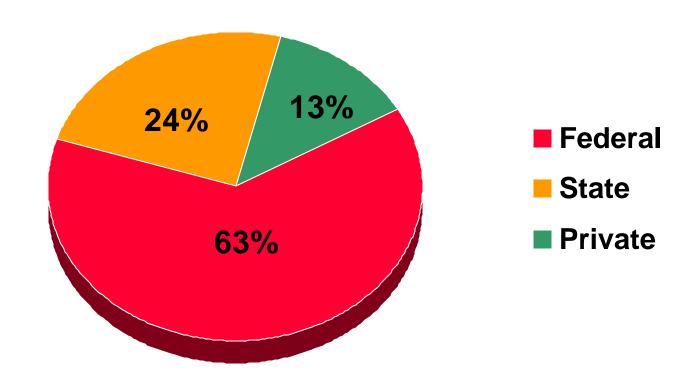
* Found only on Fort Bragg







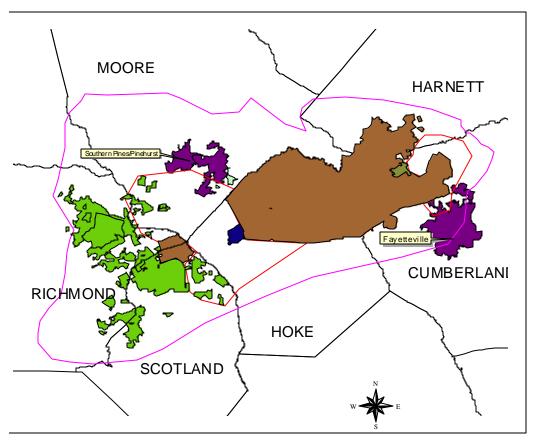
NC Sandhills RCW Population Distribution: Importance of Private Lands to Recovery







Major Public Landholdings



Ownership	# Acres
□ Fort Bragg	167,30
└ Pope AFB	2,00
Sandhills Game Lands	62,00
Weymouth Woods	80
UNCDA McCain Tract	2,30
TOTAL	234,40





RCW Recovery Issues

- u Full burden for Recovery is on Federal landowners (Section 7 of ESA)
- u Fort Bragg is the primary Federal entity managing land in NC Sandhills
- u Conflict existed between Fort Bragg's mission to train troops and their requirement to manage for endangered species recovery.





Threats to Longleaf Pine Habitat on Private Lands

Conversion to Agriculture

Fire Suppression



Short-Rotation Forestry



Commercial Development





From Confrontation to Collaboration: PLI

u 1992 Army & USFWS Co-host 2 day RCW Conference

u 1993 Sandhills RCW Working Group

u 1994 Sandhills Office Established

u 1995 NC Sandhills Safe Harbor Program

u 1996 Army - TNC Cooperative Agreement





NC Sandhills PLI Partners



North Carolina Sandhills Field Station



Fort Bragg



Army Environmental Center

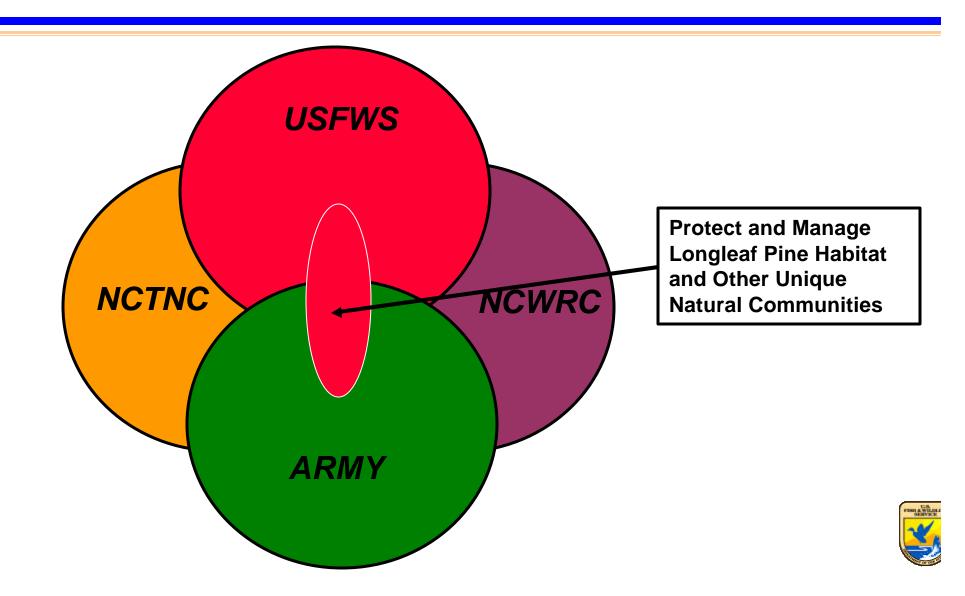


North Carolina Chapter





Mission Compatibility Among Partners





FWS Contribution to PLI: RCW Habitat Enhancement on Private Lands

u NC Sandhills RCW Safe Harbor HCP

u Local FWS office provides staff support to implement AEC/TNC Cooperative Agreement.





Private Landowner's Opinion of Endangered Species Before Safe Harbor – "Not on my Land!"









The NC Sandhills Safe Harbor Program Today

- u Permit issued 1995 to USFWS
- u 48 landowners enrolled to date protecting habitat for 49 groups of RCW's on 34,593 acres of private lands.





Facts about the NC Sandhills Safe Harbor Program

u FWS ESA Landowner Assistance Funds allocated for longleaf pine and RCW habitat restoration/management on private lands enrolled in NC Sandhills Safe Harbor Program:

FWS Coop. Agreement w/ local NGO \$109,940

4 13 Landowner Agreements \$109,637

❖ Total \$219,577





FWS Challenges under PLI

- u Secure adequate start-up funding to implement Safe Harbor Program.
- u "Sell" the idea to private landowners overcoming trust issues with the "Feds".
- u Document benefits of the program.
- u Secure long-term funding to sustain Safe Harbor.





How FWS Overcame the Challenges

- u Start-up funding supplied by the Army to support NC Sandhills Field Station.
- u Dedicated on-the-ground outreach to landowners to build trust in FWS.
- u Proof of concept: monitor progress of RCW groups on enrolled lands. Three new groups established as a result of the program.





PLI: Lessons Learned

- Partnerships are an effective means to launch new programs in a cost-effective manner.
- Adequate annual funding is crucial to the success of the program.
- The Safe Harbor Program is an excellent vehicle to build trust between the FWS and private landowners. This new trust may result in a higher level of conservation protection on key private lands in the future.
- PLI cannot recover the RCW alone. An ecosystem approach to habitat management is needed. Compatible habitat management is required on both public and private lands to achieve recovery.



North Carolina Sandhills Conservation Partnership

Integrating Natural Resource Conservation and Management on Public and Private Lands













